

BATERIA DE EXERCÍCIOS COMPLEMENTARES

2º Trimestre / 2018

Obs.: As atividades desta bateria contemplam o conteúdo do trimestre

1. Complete the sentences using **the past continuous form** of the verbs.

Ex.: I *wasn't doing* my homework. (not do)

- We _____ lunch. (have)
- The sun _____ (not shine)
- My friends _____ on the lake. (sail)
- I _____ in the sea. (not swim)
- Amy _____ TV. (watch)
- They _____ (not have) dinner at eight o'clock.
- I _____ (cycle) home on my bike.
- She _____ (study) French at university.

2. Write **past continuous questions**.

- she / walk / home
- they / relax / at home
- they / sail / on / the river
- he / cycle / to work
- you / travel / around Europe
- he / do / the shopping

3. Complete the sentences using **the past simple or past continuous** form of the verbs in the box.

arrive - climb - phone - shine - walk

- I met Jenny while I _____ home.
- Sara was waiting when we _____ at the cinema.
- Mark broke his leg while he _____ a mountain.
- Neil _____ me while I was eating.
- When I got up, the sun _____.

4. Read the text. Then write **true** or **false**. Correct the false sentences.

ALEXANDRA BURKE

Alexandra Burke was born in London in 1988, and started singing when she was only five. She first appeared on stage in Bahrain at the age of nine. She sang with her mother, who was also a professional singer. Alexandra enjoyed singing on stage and she wanted to become a singer.

She left school when she was sixteen and started a professional career in music. She worked very hard, and she also performed in some big concerts to raise money for charity.

*She first entered the TV talent competition *The X Factor* in 2005. She didn't win because the judges thought that she was too young to be a successful pop star. But they said that she was a great singer, so Alexandra entered the competition again in 2008. This time she won! Her first song, 'Hallelujah', was number one in Britain for three weeks. She became famous!*



Ex.: Alexandra Burke was born in London. **True**

- a) She first sang on stage when she was five. _____
- b) Another family relative was also a singer. _____
- c) She didn't go to school when she was seventeen. _____
- d) She didn't win the 2005 *X Factor* competition because she wasn't very good. _____
- e) She was the *X Factor* winner in 2008. _____

5. Fill in the blanks. Use the **comparative** form of the adjectives in parentheses.

- a) His room is _____ than yours. (dark)
- b) I think that English films are _____ than American ones. (interesting)
- c) George runs _____ than Jim. (fast)
- d) The living conditions are _____ they used to be. (bad)
- e) Today Father is _____ than usual. (irritated)
- f) Exercise 16 is _____ than exercise 15. (easy)
- g) "Prevention is _____ than cure". (good)
- h) At home, my mother is always _____ than my father. (busy)

6. Read about Maggie. Circle (T) True or (F) False. Correct the false statements.

My name is Maggie, and I'm British. I'm 25 years old, and I live and work at the University of Granada, in Spain. I love it! Why? Well, the weather is hotter than in Britain of course, and the food is fantastic. But my main reason is the Spanish people. I really like Spanish people. I think they are happier than British people. They are more sociable. They love singing and dancing, and they love their food. British people are sociable too, but I think Spanish people are happier. Maybe it's the weather.

Living in Britain is more difficult. It's more expensive, it's colder, and the holidays are shorter! I love Britain too, of course, and one day I'll go back, but right now I'm happy living in Spain!



- a) () Maggie doesn't live in Spain.
- b) () She thinks Spain is friendlier than Britain.
- c) () She doesn't like the Spanish.
- d) () The British are happier than the Spanish.
- e) () The Spanish are more sociable than the British.
- f) () Living in Spain is easier than living in Britain.
- g) () Spain is more expensive than Britain.
- h) () She's happier living in Spain.

7. Fill in the blanks. Use the **superlative** of the adjectives in parentheses.

- a) Mont Blanc is _____ (high) mountain in Europe.
- b) Harry Potter is _____ (good) book I've read!
- c) This is _____ (interesting) film I've ever watched!
- d) The Andes is _____ (long) mountain range in the world.
- e) The Buddha in Tokyo is _____ (tall) statue in the world.
- f) The Langham Hotel is _____ (expensive) hotel in London.
- g) Loch Ness is _____ (deep) lake in Scotland.
- h) Greenland is _____ (big) island in the world.

8. Complete the sentences using **a / an / some / any**.

- a) They don't have _____ children.
- b) I'd like _____ orange, please.
- c) Do you have _____ pets?
- d) There are _____ chairs in his room.
- e) Are there _____ cupboards?
- f) I'd like to read _____ good book.
- g) There's _____ supermarket next to our school.
- h) Is there _____ opera house in your town?
- i) He brought me _____ magazines.
- j) I didn't buy _____ milk in the shops.

9. Choose the correct answer.

a) I have _____ cash if you need it.

() many

() some

b) How _____ students are there on your course?

() a lot of

() many

c) There are _____ pit bull dogs on our estate. Too many. I don't like them.

() a lot of

() much

d) How _____ money do you need?

() some

() much

e) How _____ classes do you have this week? Are you busy?

() many

() a lot of

f) I have _____ dresses. I can't help it, I'm always buying them.

() much

() a lot of

g) Is there _____ information on South African culture?

() much

() many

h) Do you know _____ people from your new class?

() much

() many

10. Put the verbs into the correct form (future I). Use **going to**.

Ex.: It *is going to rain* .(rain)

a) They _____ (eat) pizza.

b) I _____ (wear) blue shoes tonight.

c) We _____ (not / help) you.

d) Jack _____ (not / walk) home.

e) _____ (cook / she) dinner?

f) Sue _____ (share / not) her biscuits.

g) _____ (leave / they) the house?

11. Complete the sentences using **should / shouldn't** and the verb in parenthesis.

- a) It's cold. You _____ a cardigan. (wear)
- b) She's always tired. She _____ to bed late every night. (go)
- c) _____ now? (we / leave)
- d) You _____ some fruit or vegetables every day. (eat)
- e) The students _____ their mobile phones in the exam. (use)
- f) You _____ the teacher to help you if you don't understand the lesson. (ask)
- g) People _____ fast in the town centre. (drive)
- h) _____ the dress or the skirt? (I / buy)

12. Fill in the blanks using **must / mustn't**.

- a) It's late. You _____ make so much noise.
- b) We _____ be home by 9 o'clock. The film starts at 9:15.
- c) I _____ finish this essay today. It has to be handed in by tomorrow.
- d) Passengers _____ talk to the driver while the bus is in motion.
- e) This is a dangerous tour. Children _____ be accompanied by an adult.
- f) People _____ stand on this bus.

13. Read the text and **answer the questions**

We invited actor JOE EVANS to review his favorite CD of the month.

🎧 This week I'm reviewing "Good times" by the American artist Richie Low. Richie started in the music business as a rap artist with the band The New Yorkers. They split up after problems with their manager.

This CD is a change in style for Richie. The lyrics in his first CDs were very aggressive but in "Good times" they are more romantic. The music is different, too. The sound is more soul than rap. The band still uses drum and bass rhythms, but there is also a lot of saxophone and guitar. My favorite songs are "Go for it" and "Dream time". They feature the English vocalist Kelly Gray and she creates a fantastic sound.

"Dream time" is the first single from the CD and I think it will be a big hit. Richie Low is preparing to go on tour next spring with Kelly Gray. I'm not sure if the fans of his rap music will enjoy the new style, but I hope Richie will make a lot of new fans.

- a) Why did the band The New Yorkers split up?
- b) What musical instruments appear on "Good Times"?
- c) What are Joe Evans favorite songs?



GABARITO

1.
 - a) wasn't shining
 - b) were sailing
 - c) wasn't swimming
 - d) was watching
 - e) weren't having
 - f) was cycling
 - g) was studying

2.
 - a) Was she walking home?
 - b) Were they relaxing at home?
 - c) Were they sailing on the river?
 - d) Was he cycling to work?
 - e) Were you traveling around Europe?
 - f) Was he doing the shopping?

3.
 - a) was walking
 - b) arrived
 - c) was climbing
 - d) phoned
 - e) was shining

4.
 - a) False. When she was nine.
 - b) True
 - c) True
 - d) False. She didn't win because the judges thought she was too young to be a successful pop star.
 - e) True.

5.
 - a) darker
 - b) more interesting
 - c) faster
 - d) worse
 - e) more irritated
 - f) easier
 - g) better
 - h) busier

6.
 - a) F – She lives in Spain
 - b) T
 - c) F – She likes Spain
 - d) F – Spanish are happier than British
 - e) T
 - f) T
 - g) F – Britain is more expensive
 - h) T

7.
 - a) the highest
 - b) the best
 - c) the most interesting
 - d) the longest
 - e) the tallest
 - f) the most expensive
 - g) the deepest
 - h) the biggest

8.
 - a) any
 - b) an
 - c) any
 - d) some
 - e) any
 - f) a
 - g) a
 - h) any
 - i) some
 - j) any

9.
 - a) some
 - b) many
 - c) a lot of
 - d) much
 - e) many
 - f) a lot of
 - g) much
 - h) many

10.
 - a) are going to eat
 - b) am going to wear
 - c) aren't going to help
 - d) isn't going to walk
 - e) Is she going to cook
 - f) isn't going to share
 - g) Are they going to leave

11.
 - a) should wear
 - b) shouldn't go
 - c) Should we leave
 - d) should eat
 - e) shouldn't use
 - f) should ask
 - g) shouldn't drive
 - h) Should I buy

